

高二英语学科第五模块期考试卷

(完卷 100 分钟 满分 100 分)

2009-11-11

I. Listening Comprehension(0.5X20=10)

第一节

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where does the conversation probably take place?
A. In a cinema. B. In a clothes shop. C. In a photo shop.
2. What does the man suggest the woman do?
A. Make a call to Ivy. B. Drive her roommate away.
C. Have a talk with her new roommate.
3. What does the man think of what the woman recommends(推荐)?
A. Expensive B. Wonderful C. Comfortable
4. How did the woman learn to make the cake?
A. She learned in a school. B. She learned from a cookbook.
C. The man's wife taught her.
5. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. Air pollution B. City planning C. The traffic problem

第二节

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选择出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

请听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. Where does the man travel from?
A. France B. England C. Germany
7. What is the man's suitcase?
A. Clothes B. Some gifts C. A computer
8. What do we know about the man's computer?
A. It is very expensive. B. It was bought in Paris.
C. It was made by the man's company.

请听第 7 段材料，回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. How did the woman get the job information?

- A. lack B. lack of C. be lacked in D. short of
24. Not until _____ my homework _____ to bed last night.
 A. did I finish...I had gone B. I finished...had I gone
 C. had I finished...did I go D. I finished... did I go
25. He dressed up and went to the party as if _____.
 A. was invited B. had been invited
 C. invited D. to be invited
26. The woman _____ is so nervous that she can't express herself clearly.
 A. having interviewed B. to be interviewed
 C. interviewed D. being interviewed
27. What he said just now _____ me of that American professor.
 A. warned B. informed C. reminded D. accused
28. With dinner _____, the lady went on _____ some sewing.
 A. to prepare ; to do B. preparing ; doing
 C. prepared ; to do D. to be prepared ; doing
29. Suddenly, a tall man driving a golden carriage, _____ the girl and took her away, _____ into the woods.
 A. seizing; disappeared B. seized; disappeared
 C. seizing; disappearing D. seized; disappearing
30. The librarian put the _____ books _____.
 A . returning ; in place B . returned ; in place
 C . returning ; in places D . returned ; in the place
31. There is _____ that he will win the English speaking contest . He is the best in the contestants.
 A. no possibility B. no wonder C. no doubt D. no good
32. There are some reference books _____ in the library, but you can't take them out.
 A. valuable B. useful C. available D. helpful
33. He always brings me a pretty gift _____ he comes to visit me.
 A. every time B. in no time C. by the time D. at times
34. I thought the hotel was too expensive. ____, it was very close to the noisy main road.
 A. However B. In addition C. Apart from D. Still
- 35.—You couldn't have chosen any gift better for me.
 — _____.
 A. Oh, don't complain about a gift.
 B. That's all right. I'll give you a better one next time.
 C. I'm glad you like it so much.
 D. You have got a better gift, haven't you?

III. Cloze test: (1×20=20)

Stand Beside You Forever

The passengers on the bus watched sympathetically as the attractive young woman with the white cane made her way carefully up the steps. She __36__ the driver and, using her hands to feel the __37__ of the seats, walked down and found the __38__ which the driver had told her was empty. Then she settled in.

It had been a year since Susan, 34, __39__ a medical misdiagnosis (误诊), was suddenly thrown into a world of __40__. Mark, her husband, was an Air Force officer and he loved Susan with all his heart. He __41__ her how to rely on her other __42__, specifically her hearing, to determine where she was and __43__ to adjust herself to the new environment. He helped her befriend the bus drivers who could __44__ for her, and save her a seat.

__45__, Susan decided that she was ready to try the __46__ on her own. Monday morning, she said good-bye and for the first time, they went their __47__ ways.

On Friday morning, Susan took the bus to work as usual. As she was __48__ the bus, the driver said, "Boy, I __49__ envy you." Susan had no __50__ what the driver was talking about, and asked, "What do you __51__?"

The driver answered, "You know, every morning for the __52__ week, a fine-looking gentleman __53__ a military uniform has been standing across the corner __54__ you as you get off the bus. He __55__ you cross the street safely and he watches until you enter your office building. You are one lucky lady."

Tears of gratitude poured down Susan's cheeks.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 36. A. thanked | B. asked | C. discovered | D. paid |
| 37. A. location | B. shape | C. size | D. cost |
| 38. A. ticket | B. bus | C. seat | D. bag |
| 39. A. according to | B. instead of | C. thanks to | D. due to |
| 40. A. anger | B. darkness | C. happiness | D. light |
| 41. A. asked | B. encouraged | C. taught | D. praised |
| 42. A. feelings | B. sights | C. senses | D. abilities |
| 43. A. how | B. when | C. where | D. who |
| 44. A. make out | B. watch out | C. find out | D. work out |
| 45. A. Finally | B. Luckily | C. However | D. Besides |
| 46. A. visit | B. trip | C. bus | D. work |
| 47. A. opposite | B. separate | C. difficult | D. usual |
| 48. A. getting on | B. getting in | C. getting off | D. getting up |
| 49. A. must | B. may | C. will | D. do |
| 50. A. idea | B. opinion | C. way | D. thought |
| 51. A. want | B. mean | C. say | D. suggest |
| 52. A. next | B. old | C. past | D. following |
| 53. A. by | B. on | C. with | D. in |
| 54. A. searching | B. watching | C. calling | D. noticing |
| 55. A. looks out | B. takes up | C. believes in | D. makes sure |

IV. Reading (1×20=20)

(A)

A traveler was passing through a desert on a hot day. He was tired, feeling thirsty and hungry. At last, he needed a shady spot to rest for a while. A big leafy tree came into view at some distance away. He felt glad and said to himself, "If I had water to drink now..." Yes, he found a glass full of cold water on the ground right in front of him. Then, he wished, "If I had something to eat right here..." Immediately, a

variety of dishes appeared before him. He was under the shade of Kalpa-Vriksha — a magical tree. Whoever was under it would have whatever he wished for!

The traveler enjoyed the delicious food. He felt drowsy. He wished for a nice bed. It was granted. He stretched himself comfortably on the soft mattress. He hoped that someone would massage (按摩) his feet. Yes, a young lady appeared. She started massaging his feet and legs.

He now started thinking differently. “How can things happen like this? Is it a certain trick played by a magical demon (魔鬼)?” he doubted. Oh, a true demon appeared in place of the nice lady! In no time the demon started leaping at him, with his mouth wide open. The frightened traveler took to his heels and ran away.

56. What will happen if you sit under the magical tree?

- A. You will get what you want. B. You will marry a young girl.
C. You will meet a demon. D. You will get rid of all your trouble.

57. The underlined word “drowsy” in the second paragraph means “_____”.

- A. hungry B. sleepy C. thirsty D. cold

58. How many wishes did the traveler make?

- A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6.

(B)

14 days from just £2,090 pp

Fully inclusive from the UK

Price covers international airfares, departure taxes, fuel charges, local transportation, accommodation, all meals, entrance fees, guides, daily tours and visas for UK citizens.

◆ Days 1-3: UK—Shanghai

Fly to the great city of Shanghai and in the evening sample traditional Shanghai food. Visit the beautiful Yu Garden, Old Town, Shanghai Museum, cross the Great Nanpu Bridge and tour the Pudong area. Also explore Xintiandi with its 1920's style Shikumen buildings and end your stay in Shanghai with an amazing Huangpu River evening tour.

◆ Days 4-7: Shanghai—Yangtze River Tour

Fly to Yichang and change (approx: one hour) to board your Yangtze River ship for the next four nights. Enjoy a tour of the three Gorges Dam (三峡大坝) before sailing on the grand Yangtze River, passing through the impressive Three Gorges. We take a side trip to the Lesser Three Gorges (小三峡) or travel up the Shennong Stream in a peapod boat and enjoy various shore trips along the way.

◆ Day 8: Chongqing—Chengdu

Get off in Chongqing and drive to Chengdu for an overnight stay.

◆ Day 9-10: Chengdu—Xi'an

Visit the famous Panda Reserve to see the lovely animals. We then fly to the historic city of Xi'an for two nights' stay and enjoy traditional Shui Jiao. Next day, explore one of the most important discoveries of the 20th century—the Terracotta Warriors (兵马俑), followed by the ancient City Wall and a performance of Tang Dynasty dancing.

◆ Day11-13:Xi'an—Beijing

Visit little wild Goose Pagoda and see the ancient objects at the well-known Shaanxi Provincial Museum before walking through the lively Muslim Quarter to see the Great Mosque. Later fly to Beijing for three nights' stay and try Peking Duck. During our stay in Beijing, we stroll through Tian'anmen Square to the Forbidden City, the largest and best preserved collection of ancient buildings in China, and visit the Summer Palace. Next day we take a walk on the Great wall, tour the unique Temple of Heaven and enjoy an attractive Chinese Acrobatic (杂技) Show.

◆ Day14:Beijing—UK

Fly back to the UK, arriving home later the same day filled with happy memories.

59. The underlined word "sample" in the passage probably means "_____"

A. buy B. reserve C. taste D. make

60. The first and last scenic spots to be visited in Xi'an are _____.

A. the Terracotta Warriors and the Great Mosque
B. the Terracotta Warriors and Shaanxi Provincial Museum
C. Little Wild Goose Pagoda and the Great Mosque
D. Little Wild Goose Pagoda and the Muslim Quarter

61. Which of the following is TRUE according to the ad?

A. The tourists will have to pay extra for fuel and meals.
B. The tourists will visit the 1920's Shikumen buildings in Beijing
C. The tourists will take a side trip to the Three Gorges Dam during the tour.
D. The tourists will stay in Beijing for three nights before leaving for the UK

62. The ad is mainly intended to _____.

A. encourage the British to travel in China
B. attract the British to traditional Chinese food
C. offer service of booking air tickets to tourists
D. provide the British with a better understanding of China.

(C)

Why do men die earlier than women? The latest research makes it known that the reason could be that men's hearts go into rapid decline when they reach middle age.

The largest study of the effects of ageing on the heart has found that women's longevity may be linked to the fact that their hearts do not lose their pumping power with age.

"We have found that the power of the male heart falls by 20-25 percent between 18 and 70 years of age," said the head of the study, David Goldspink of Liverpool John Moores University in the UK.

"Within the heart there are millions of cells that enable it to beat. Between the age of 20 and 70, one-third of those cells die and are not replaced in men," said Goldspink. "This is part of the ageing process."

What surprises scientists is that the female heart seems very little loss of these cells. A healthy 70-year-old woman's heart could perform almost as well as a 20-year-old one's.

"This gender difference might just explain why women live longer than men," said Goldspink. They studied more than 250 healthy men and women between the ages of

18 and 80, focusing on healthy persons to remove the confusing influence of disease. “The team has yet to find why ageing takes a greater loss on the male heart,” said Goldspink.

The good news is that men can improve the health of their heart with regular exercise. Goldspink stressed that women also need regular exercise to prevent their leg muscles becoming smaller and weaker as they age.

63. The underlined word “longevity” in the second paragraph probably refers to “_____”.

- A. health B. long life C. aging D. effect

64. The text mainly talks about _____.

- A. men’s heart cells B. women’s aging process
C. the gender difference D. hearts and long life

65. According to the text, the UK scientists have known that _____.

- A. women have more cells than men when they are born
B. women can replace the cells that enable the heart to beat
C. the female heart loses few of the cells with age
D. women never lose their pumping power with age

66. If you want to live longer, you should _____.

- A. enable your heart to beat much faster
B. find out the reason for aging
C. exercise regularly to keep your heart healthy
D. prevent your cells from being lost

67. We can know from the passage that _____.

- A. the reason why aging takes a greater loss on the male heart has been found out
B. scientists are on the way to finding out why the male heart loses more of the cells
C. the team has done something to prevent the male from suffering the greater loss
D. women over 70 could lose more heart cells than those at the age of 20

(D)

Having a husband means an extra seven hours of housework each week for women, according to a new study. For men, getting married saves an hour of housework a week. “It’s a well-known pattern,” said lead researcher Frank Stafford at University of Michigan’s Institute for Social Research. “Men usually work more outside the home, while women take on more of the housework.”

He points out that differences among households exist. But in general, marriage means more housework for women and less for men. “And the situation gets worse for women when they have children.” Stafford said.

Overall, times are changing in the American home. In 1976, women busied themselves with 26 weekly hours of sweeping-and-dusting work, compared with 17 hours in 2005. Men are taking on more housework, more than doubling their housework hours from 6 in 1976 to 13 in 2005.

Single women in their 20s and 30s did the least housework, about 12 weekly hours, while married women in their 60s and 70s did the most – about 21 hours a week.

Men showed a somewhat different pattern, with older men picking up the broom(扫

帚) more often than younger men. Single men worked the hardest around the house, more than that of all other age groups of married men.

Having children increases housework even further. With more than three, for example, wives took on more of the extra work, clocking about 28 hours a week compared with husbands' 10 hours.

68. According to the "well-known pattern" in Paragraph 1, a married man _____.

- A. takes on heavier work B. does more housework
C. is the main breadwinner D. is the master of the house

69. How many hours of housework did men do every week in the 1970s?

- A. About 28 B. About 26 C. About 13 D. About 6

70. What kind of man is doing most housework according to the text?

- A. An unmarried man. B. An older married man.
C. A younger married man. D. A married man with children.

71. What can we conclude from Stafford's research?

- A. Marriage gives men more freedom.
B. Marriage has effects on job choices.
C. Housework sharing changes over time.
D. Having children means doubled housework.

(E)

When I was nine, my parents divorced and our house was to be taken away. My dad, with whom my four younger siblings (兄弟姐妹) and I lived, spent countless hours filling out housing forms, calling shelters, and looking for places to stay. Although Dad had four siblings, none offered us a hand until we could go back on our feet. Family problems had caused them to go in separate directions, and, as a result, none were very close.

In spite of all this, my dad told us that we should stick together. His motto was "All of us or none of us", even if we were just going to the supermarket. He especially stressed the importance of family during these hard times. He told us not to worry because we'd get through this together. He promised that if we stuck together, we'd be all right.

Naturally, like any nine-year-old, my mind wandered to play cops (警察) and robbers and whatever else nine-year-olds think about. His heartfelt (衷心的) words seemed to go in one ear and out the other. However, seven years have passed since that time. As my dad promised, we have stuck together and ended up all right. We stayed at a friend's house until my dad's many forms produced results and we received housing in a nice neighborhood.

Now I can understand the importance of my dad's words. I also know that no matter what happens, I can depend on my siblings. Sure, we have our disagreements like any other kids, but we all know we can all depend on each other. That is what family should mean, and that is what matters most to me.

72. When the parents divorced, the main problem for the father to settle was to _____.

- A. get enough food for daily life. B. find a suitable house to live in
C. get in touch with his siblings D. find a job to support the family

73. By saying "All of us or none of us", the author's father meant _____.

- A. some of the siblings could go to the supermarket
- B. friendship is always the most important thing
- C. all or none of them could go to the supermarket
- D. the family should stick together in hard times

74. What matters most to the author?

- A. Believing in the parents.
- B. Getting a nice house.
- C. Depending on the siblings.
- D. Leading a comfortable life.

75. What should be the best title for the passage?

- A. Stick together.
- B. Father's advice
- C. My siblings
- D. Life's lesson

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第二卷

V. Fill in the blanks with proper words according to the given Chinese and situation. (0.5X10=5)

1. Would it be _____(方便的) for you to pick me up at 4 o'clock and take me to the airport?
2. All his c_____who work with him in the same factory are all ready to help others.
3. From its exports the small country can earn foreign c_____ and begin to pay off its huge debts.
4. The _____(雕像) of Liberty located in America is famous around the world.
5. Keller is c_____ about everything, that is to say, she is a very careful person .
6. The little boy cried _____(故意地) to draw his mother's attention.
7. Some smoking and alcoholic drinks are an _____(获得的) taste and are not in born.
8. Foreign bankers are _____(乐观的) about the country's future.
9. The police have issued a detailed _____(描述) of the missing woman.
10. He is a man of many words, but his actions are not often c_____ with his words.

VI. Fill in the blanks with proper verb forms. (1X5=5)

1. As we can see on the map, in the dark forest _____(lie) many lakes, some large enough to hold several towns.
2. Can those _____(seat) at the back of the classroom hear me?
3. I feel it is your husband who is _____(blame) for the spoiled(宠坏的) child.
4. Another teaching building is under construction, which will contribute to _____(solve) the school problem.
5. _____(not complete) the programme, they have to stay there for another two weeks.

VII. Fill in the blanks according to the textbook. (1X5=5)

1. With this extra evidence John Snow was able to announce with _____ that polluted water carried the virus.
2. Now when people refer to England, you find Wales _____ as well.
3. The capsule began swinging gently sideways as we lay _____ and dreaming.
4. Not only am I interested in photography, but I took an _____ course at university to update my skill.
5. It was a _____ because the footballer could have demanded damages if we were wrong.

VIII. Fill in the blanks of the passage. (1X10=10)

阅读下面短文, 请根据以下提示: 1) 中文提示 2) 首字母提示 3) 语境提示, 在每个空格内填入一个适当的英语单词, 并将该词完整地写在右边相对应的横线上。所填单词要求意义准确, 拼写正确。

I'll never forget the day when I went home after school.

姓名

座号

班级

It was raining so _____(大) that I had to wait for the rain to stop. But _____half an hour it was still raining. Seeing this, the guard at the gate offered to _____(借) me his umbrella. I accepted at once. With his help, I got home on time w_____ getting wet. The next morning when I r_____ the umbrella to the guard. I said “thank you” to him, _____(留) him a note to express my t_____ sincerely. To my surprise, he said no one had ever written to _____ to say “thank you”. And it meant a lot to him. So in my o_____, saying thanking you to others is not only easy _____also meaningful to the person who says it and the receiver!

1. _____
 2. _____
 3. _____
 4. _____
 5. _____
 6. _____
 7. _____
 8. _____
 9. _____
 10. _____

IX. Put the following sentences into English. 10%

1. 编审特别强调， 这篇文章需要进一步润色。(need) (4分)

2. 我只有找到工作才能弄到足够的钱继续大学的学业。(Only if 放句首) (2分)

3. 让张萍玉异常惊讶的是， 她发现皇家特别卫士在一些特殊的日子仍然穿着400年前的制服。(to...surprise) (4分)
